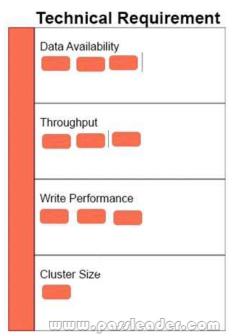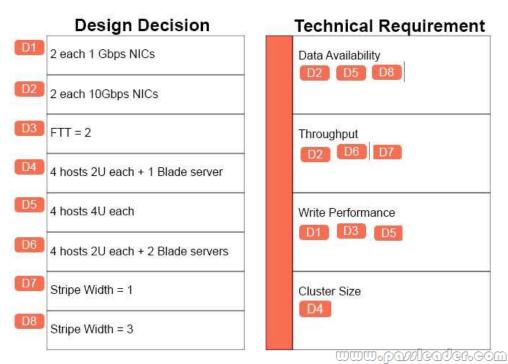# [30/July/2019 Updated Download New Free PassLeader 130q 3V0-624 Exam Questions Help 100% Passing Exam

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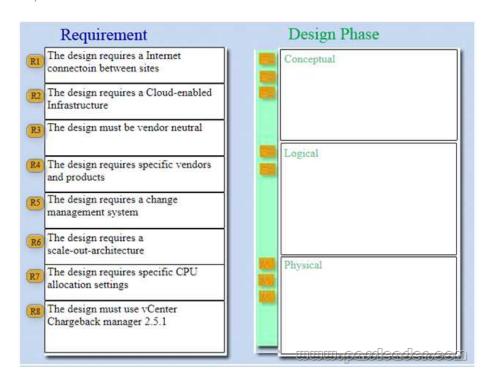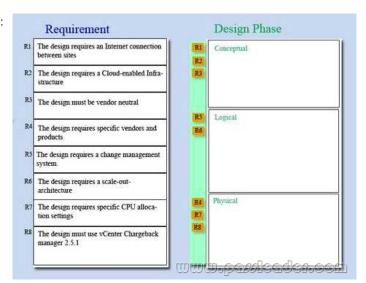
Design Decision

	Design Decision
D1	2 each 1 Gbps NICs
D2	2 each 10Gbps NICs
D3	FTT = 2
D4	4 hosts 2U each + 1 Blade server
D5	4 hosts 4U each
D6	4 hosts 2U each + 2 Blade servers
D7	Stripe Width = 1
D8	Stripe Width = 3

Technical Requirement

Data Availability

Throughput

Write Performance

Cluster Size

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Answer:

Design Decision

	Design Decision
D1	2 each 1 Gbps NICs
D2	2 each 10Gbps NICs
D3	FTT = 2
D4	4 hosts 2U each + 1 Blade server
D5	4 hosts 4U each
D6	4 hosts 2U each + 2 Blade servers
D7	Stripe Width = 1
D8	Stripe Width = 3

Technical Requirement

Data Availability
D2   D5   D8

Throughput
D2   D6   D7

Write Performance
D1   D3   D5

Cluster Size
D4

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NEW QUESTION 118   Drag and Drop   You have been provided with a list of requirements for a vSphere Design. For each requirement, categorize the requirement as a component of the conceptual, logical, or physical design. Drag a requirement button (R1-R8) over to the green space provided beside the corresponding Design Phase.

Answer:

NEW QUESTION 119   Which of the following is not a basic component of a good design? A.   Vision   B.   Scope   C.   Conceptual design   D.   Assumptions   Answer: C   Explanation: The basic components of a good design are vision, scope, requirements, constraints, assumptions, and risks.   NEW QUESTION 120   Which component of a good design is described as the quantitative statement of what the project does and does not include? A.   Scope   B.   Constraint   C.   Vision   D.   Assumption   Answer: A   Explanation: The scope is the quantitative statement of what is included in a project, or, more pertinently, what is not included in the project.   NEW QUESTION 121   A nonfunctional requirement ____.   A.   specifies what the system should do   B.   is a detail that happens to be true but has not been tested or verified   C.   specifies how the system should behave   D.   is an attribute that can prevent a project from being completed Answer: C   Explanation: A functional requirement states something the system should do (for example, the system should process transactions). A nonfunctional requirement states how the system should behave (for example, the system should update its performance metrics every 5 seconds). An assumption is a detail that happens to be true but has not been tested or verified is an assumption, and a risk is an attribute that can prevent ta project from being completed.   NEW QUESTION 122   A functional requirement ____. A.   specifies what the system should do   B.   is a detail that happens to be true but has not been tested or verified   C.   specifies

how the system should behave   D.   is an attribute that can prevent the completion of the project Answer: A
NEW QUESTION 123   A _____ is an iterative process used to define a technical solution. A.   constraint
B.   best practice   C.   logical design   D.   design methodology
Answer: D   Explanation: A design methodology is an iterative process used to create a technical design. NEW QUESTION 124
A _____ design requires IP addresses and specific hardware selections. A.   conceptual
B.   physical   C.   logical   D.   none of the above Answer: B
Explanation: A conceptual design is a high-level overview of the suggested system. Logical designs show how subsystems
interconnect or communicate. No attempt is made to select vendors or map out physical products; rather, the logical design shows
how the suggested components align together. A physical design puts specific components and settings into place. It lists items such
as vendor products, IP addresses, and specific communication protocols. A physical design is a blueprint of an architecture. NEW
QUESTION 125   Which of the following is not a reason to use virtualization? A.   Save money
B.   Improve system performance   C.   Save time   D.   Make
disaster recovery easier Answer: B NEW QUESTION 126   ......   Download the newest PassLeader 3V0-624 dumps from
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