[10/July/2018 Updated Pass 70-761 Exam By Training PassLeader Free 70-761 Study Materials

New Updated 70-761 Exam Questions from PassLeader 70-761 PDF dumps! Welcome to download the newest PassLeader 70-761 VCE dumps: https://www.passleader.com/70-761.html (171 Q&As) Keywords: 70-761 exam dumps, 70-761 exam questions, 70-761 VCE dumps, 70-761 PDF dumps, 70-761 practice tests, 70-761 study guide, 70-761 braindumps, Querying Data with Transact-SQL Exam P.S. Free 70-761 dumps download from Google Drive:

https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B-ob6L_QjGLpaEZzRVFnOE9OenM Free 70-762 dumps download from Google Drive:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B-ob6L_QjGLpN3RVQ25sVUM5dkU Free 70-764 dumps download from Google Drive:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B-ob6L_QjGLpN3N6eHJ6Z2EzZWc Free 70-765 dumps download from Google Drive:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B-ob6L_QjGLpZHlHSG5KM09xUms Free 70-767 dumps download from Google Drive:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B-ob6L_QjGLpcXZXWUl4dHhIUVk Free 70-768 dumps download from Google Drive:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B-ob6L_QjGLpeXAxaUJkWEZnVlU NEW QUESTION 150   You need to create a database object that meets the following requirements: - accepts a product identifies as input   - calculates the total quantity of a specific product, including quantity on hand and quantity on order   - caches and reuses execution plan   - returns a value   - can be called from within a SELECT statement   - can be used in a JOIN clause   What should you create? A.   an extended stored procedure   B.   a user-defined table-valued function   C.   a user-defined stored procedure that has an OUTPUT parameter   D.   a memory-optimized table that has updated statistics   Answer: B NEW QUESTION 151   You are building a stored procedure that will be used by hundreds of users concurrently. You need to store rows that will be processed later by the stored procedure. The object that stores the rows must meet the following requirements: - Be indexable   - Contain up-to-date statistics   - Be able to scale between 10 and 100,000 rows   The solution must prevent users from accessing one another's data.   Solution: You create a global temporary table in the stored procedure.   Does this meet the goal? A.   Yes   B.   No Answer: A NEW QUESTION 152   You are building a stored procedure that will be used by hundreds of users concurrently. You need to store rows that will be processed later by the stored procedure. The object that stores the rows must meet the following requirements: - Be indexable   - Contain up-to-date statistics   - Be able to scale between 10 and 100,000 rows   The solution must prevent users from accessing one another's data.   Solution: You create a local temporary table in the stored procedure.   Does this meet the goal? A.   Yes   B.   No Answer: B NEW QUESTION 153   You are building a stored procedure that will be used by hundreds of users concurrently. You need to store rows that will be processed later by the stored procedure. The object that stores the rows must meet the following requirements: - Be indexable   - Contain up-to-date statistics   - Be able to scale between 10 and 100,000 rows   The solution must prevent users from accessing one another's data.   Solution: You create a table variable in the stored procedure.   Does this meet the goal? A.   Yes   B.   No Answer: B NEW QUESTION 154   You are creating indexes in a data warehouse. You have a dimension table named Table1 that has 10,000 rows. The rows are used to generate several reports. The reports join a column that is the primary key. The execution plan contains bookmark lookups for Table1. You discover that the reports run slower than expected. You need to reduce the amount of time it takes to run the reports.   Solution: You create a hash index on the primary key column. Does this meet the goal? A.   Yes   B.   No Answer: B   Explanation:
https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn133190.aspx NEW QUESTION 155   You are creating indexes in a data warehouse. You have a dimension table named Table1 that has 10,000 rows. The rows are used to generate several reports. The reports join a column that is the primary key. The execution plan contains bookmark lookups for Table1. You discover that the reports run slower than expected. You need to reduce the amount of time it takes to run the reports.   Solution: You create a clustered index on the primary key column.   Does this meet the goal? A.   Yes   B.   No Answer: A NEW QUESTION 156   You are creating indexes in a data warehouse. You have a dimension table named Table1 that has 10,000 rows. The rows are used to generate several reports. The reports join a column that is the primary key. The execution plan contains bookmark lookups for Table1. You discover that the reports run slower than expected. You need to reduce the amount of time it takes to run the reports.   Solution: You create a nonclustered index on the primary key column that includes the bookmark lookup columns.   Does this meet the goal? A.   Yes   B.   No Answer: B NEW QUESTION 157   You have a database named DB1 that contains two tables named Sales.Customers and Sales.Orders. Sales.Customers has a foreign key relationship to a column named CustomerID in SalesOrders. You need to recommend a query that returns all the customers. The query must also return the number of orders that each customer placed in 2016.   Solution: You recommend the

following query:
```
SELECT                    www.passleader.com
        Cust.CustomerName,
        NumberOfOrders = COUNT(*)
FROM
        Sales.Customers Cust
LEFT JOIN
        Sales.Orders Ord
                ON Cust.CustomerID = Ord.OrderID
GROUP BY
        Cust.CustomerName ;
```

Does this meet the goal? A.   Yes   B.   No Answer: B   Explanation: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/functions/count-transact-sql?view=sql-server-2017 NEW QUESTION 158   You have a database named DB1 that contains two tables named Sales.Customers and Sales.Orders. Sales.Customers has a foreign key relationship to a column named CustomerID in Sales.Orders. You need to recommend a query that returns all the customers. The query must also return the number of orders that each customer placed in 2016.   Solution: You recommend the following query:
```
SELECT
        Cu
        Nu
FROM
        Sa
LEFT JO
        Sa

GROUP
        Cu
```

Does this meet the goal? A.   Yes   B.   No Answer: A NEW QUESTION 159   You have a database named DB1 that contains two tables named Sales.Customers and Sales.Orders. Sales.Customers has a foreign key relationship to a column named CustomerID in Sales.Orders. You need to recommend a query that returns all the customers. The query must also return the number of orders that each customer placed in 2016.   Solution: You recommend the following query:
```
SELECT
        Cu
        Nu
FROM
        Sa
LEFT JO
        Sa

GROUP
        Cu
```

Does this meet the goal? A.   Yes   B.   No Answer: B NEW QUESTION 160   Drag and Drop   You have a database that contains a table named Users. The table is defined as follows:

Column name	Nullable	Data type
Userid	No	int
IsActive	Yes	bit
UserName	Yes	varchar(100)

You have the following Comma Separated Values (CSV) file:

File name	F:\Users.txt
File format	CSV (text file)
Field terminator	Comma (',')
Lines count	4
Fields	UserId, IsActive, UserName
File content	1,, User1 10, 1, User 10 11, 0, User 11 2,, user2

You need to load data from the CSV file into the Users table while meeting the following requirements: - If a field value is not provided in the file, insert a NULL value for the corresponding column   - Load all records into the table with the correct Userid from the file   Which three Transact-SQL segments should you use to develop the solution? (To answer, move the appropriate Transact-SQL segments from the list of Transact-SQL segments to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.)

Transact-SQ

```
BULK INSE

FROM N'F:

SELECT *
(
  BULK N'
  SINGLE_
) AS R

WITH(
  FIELDTE
  KEEEPID
  KEEPNUI
)

INSERT IN
IsActive,

WITH(
  FIELDTE
  KEEEPID
)
```

Answer:

Transact-SQL segments

```
BULK INSERT Users
```

```
FROM N'F:\Users.txt'
```

```
WITH(
  FIELDTERMINATOR = ',',
  KEEEPIDENTITY,
)
```

Answer area

```
INSERT INTO Users(UserId,
IsActive, UserName)
```

```
SELECT * FROM OPENROWSET
(
  BULK N'F:\Users.txt',
  SINGLE_CLOB
) AS R
```

```
WITH(
  FIELDTERMINATOR = ',',
  KEEEPIDENTITY,
  KEEPNULLS
)
```

www.passleader.com

Explanation: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/functions/openrowset-transact-sql?view=sql-server-2017 NEW QUESTION 161 ...... Download the newest PassLeader 70-761 dumps from passleader.com now! 100% Pass Guarantee! 70-761 PDF dumps & 70-761 VCE dumps: https://www.passleader.com/70-761.html (171 Q&As) (New Questions Are 100% Available and Wrong Answers Have Been Corrected! Free VCE simulator!) P.S. Free 70-761 dumps download from Google Drive: https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B-ob6L_QjGLpaEZzRVFnOE9OenM Free 70-762 dumps download from Google Drive: https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B-ob6L_QjGLpN3RVQ25sVUM5dkU Free 70-764 dumps download from Google Drive: https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B-ob6L_QjGLpN3N6eHJ6Z2EzZWc Free 70-765 dumps download from Google Drive: https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B-ob6L_QjGLpZHlHSG5KM09xUms Free 70-767 dumps download from Google Drive: https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B-ob6L_QjGLpcXZXWUl4dHhIUVk Free 70-768 dumps download from Google Drive: https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B-ob6L_QjGLpeXAxaUJkWEZnVlU