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D.&#160;&#160;&#160; Ask the user to back up files for later recovery. Answer: C QUESTION 3 Multiple organizations operating in the same vertical want to provide seamless wireless access for their employees as they visit the other organizations. Which of the following should be implemented if all the organizations use the native 802.1x client on their mobile devices? A.&#160;&#160;&#160; Shibboleth B.&#160;&#160;&#160; RADIUS federation C.&#160;&#160;&#160; SAML D.&#160;&#160;&#160; OAuth E.&#160;&#160;&#160; OpenID connect Answer: B QUESTION 4 An analyst wants to implement a more secure wireless authentication for office access points. Which of the following technologies allows for encrypted authentication of wireless clients over TLS? A.&#160;&#160;&#160; PEAP B.&#160;&#160;&#160; EAP C.&#160;&#160;&#160; WPA2 D.&#160;&#160;&#160; RADIUS Answer: C QUESTION 5 A security analyst is hardening an authentication server. One of the primary requirements is to ensure there is mutual authentication and delegation. Given these requirements, which of the following technologies should the analyst recommend and configure? A.&#160;&#160;&#160; LDAP services B.&#160;&#160;&#160; Kerberos services C.&#160;&#160;&#160; NTLM services D.&#160;&#160;&#160; CHAP services Answer: C QUESTION 6 An organization wishes to provide better security for its name resolution services. Which of the following technologies BEST supports the deployment DNSSEC at the organization? A.&#160;&#160;&#160; LDAP B.&#160;&#160;&#160; TPM C.&#160;&#160;&#160; TLS D.&#160;&#160;&#160; SSL E.&#160;&#160;&#160; PW Answer: C QUESTION 7 Ann, an employee in the payroll department, has contacted the help desk citing multiple issues with her device, including: - Slow performance. - Word documents, PDFs, and images no longer opening. - A pop-up. Ann states the issues began after she opened an invoice that a vendor emailed to her. Upon opening the invoice, she had to click several security warnings to view it in her word processor. With which of the following is the device MOST likely infected? A.&#160;&#160;&#160; Spyware B.&#160;&#160;&#160; Crypto-malware C.&#160;&#160;&#160; Rootkit D.&#160;&#160;&#160; Backdoor Answer: D QUESTION 8 A department head at a university resigned on the first day of the spring semester. It was subsequently determined that the department head deleted numerous files and directories from the server-based home directory while the campus was closed. Which of the following policies or procedures could have prevented this from occurring? A.&#160;&#160;&#160; Time-of-day restrictions B.&#160;&#160;&#160; Permission auditing and review C.&#160;&#160;&#160; Offboarding D.&#160;&#160;&#160; Account expiration Answer: D QUESTION 9 A company is using a mobile device deployment model in which employees use their personal devices for work at their own discretion. Some of the problems the company is encountering include the following: - There is no standardization. - Employees ask for reimbursement for their devices. - Employees do not replace their devices often enough to keep them running efficiently. - The company does not have enough control over the devices. Which of the following is a deployment model that would help the company overcome these problems? A.&#160;&#160;&#160; BYOD B.&#160;&#160;&#160; VDI C.&#160;&#160;&#160; COPE D.&#160;&#160;&#160; CYOD Answer: D QUESTION 10 A security administrator is developing controls for creating audit trails and tracking if a PHI data breach is to occur. The administrator has been given the following requirements: - All access must be correlated to a user account. - All user accounts must be assigned to a single individual. - User access to the PHI data must be recorded. - Anomalies in PHI data access must be reported. - Logs and records cannot be deleted or modified. Which of the following should the administrator implement to meet the above requirements? (Select THREE.) A.&#160;&#160;&#160; Eliminate shared accounts. B.&#160;&#160;&#160;

Create a standard naming convention for accounts. C. Implement usage auditing and review.  
D. Enable account lockout thresholds. E. Copy logs in real time to a secured WORM drive. F. Implement time-of-day restrictions. G. Perform regular permission audits and reviews. Answer: ACG QUESTION 11 Which of the following can be provided to an AAA system for the identification phase? A. Username B. Permissions C. One-time token D. Private certificate Answer: A QUESTION 12 Hotspot Select the appropriate attack from each drop down list to label the corresponding illustrated attack. Instructions: Attacks may only be used once, and will disappear from drop down list if selected. When you have completed the simulation, please select the Done button to submit.

Instructions: Attacks m  
When you

Attack Vector



Attacker gains confidenti  
company information



Attacker posts link to  
fake AV software



Attacker collecting  
credit card details



Attacker mass-mails proc  
information to parties  
that have already opted  
receiving advertisements













Attacker redirects name  
resolution entries from le  
site to fraudulent site

Answer:

**Attacks**

**Instructions:** Attacks may only be used once, and will disappear from drop down list if selected.  
 When you have completed the simulation, please select the Done button to submit.

Attack Vector	Target	Identified Attack
 Attacker gains confidential company information	 Targeted CEO and board members	WHALING HOAX VISHING PHISHING PHARMING
 Attacker posts link to fake AV software	 Broad set of victims	WHALING HOAX VISHING PHISHING PHARMING
 Attacker collecting credit card details	 Phone-based victim	WHALING HOAX VISHING PHISHING PHARMING
 Attacker mass-mails product information to parties that have already opted out of receiving advertisements	 Broad set of recipients	WHALING HOAX SPAM VISHING PHISHING PHARMING
 Attacker redirects name resolution entries from legitimate site to fraudulent site	 Victims	WHALING HOAX VISHING PHISHING PHARMING

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Explanation: 1: Spear phishing is an e-mail spoofing fraud attempt that targets a specific organization, seeking unauthorized access to confidential data. As with the e-mail messages used in regular phishing expeditions, spear phishing messages appear to come from a trusted source. Phishing messages usually appear to come from a large and well-known company or Web site with a broad membership base, such as eBay or PayPal. In the case of spear phishing, however, the apparent source of the e-mail is likely to be an individual within the recipient's own company and generally someone in a position of authority. 2: The Hoax in this question is designed to make people believe that the fake AV (anti-virus) software is genuine. 3: Vishing is the act of using the telephone in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft. The scammer usually pretends to be a legitimate business, and fools the victim into thinking he or she will profit. 4: Phishing is the act of sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft. Phishing email will direct the user to visit a website where they are asked to update personal information, such as a password, credit card, social security, or bank account numbers, that the legitimate organization already has. The website, however, is bogus and set up only to steal the information the user enters on the page. 5: Similar in nature to e-mail phishing, pharming seeks to obtain personal or private (usually financial related) information through domain spoofing. Rather than being spammed with malicious and mischievous e-mail requests for you to visit spoof Web sites which appear legitimate, pharming 'poisons' a DNS server by infusing false information into the DNS server, resulting in a user's request being redirected elsewhere. Your browser, however will show you are at the correct Web site, which makes pharming a bit more serious and more difficult to detect. Phishing attempts to scam people one at a time with an e-mail while pharming allows the scammers to target large groups of people at one time through domain spoofing.

<http://searchsecurity.techtarget.com/definition/spear-phishing> <http://www.webopedia.com/TERM/V/vishing.html>  
<http://www.webopedia.com/TERM/P/phishing.html> <http://www.webopedia.com/TERM/P/pharming.html> QUESTION 13 Despite having implemented password policies, users continue to set the same weak passwords and reuse old passwords. Which of the following technical controls would help prevent these policy violations? (Select TWO.) A. Password expiration B. Password length C. Password complexity D. Password history E. Password lockout Answer: AD QUESTION 14 A security analyst is reviewing the following output from an IPS:

```
[**] [1:2467:7] EXPLOIT IGMP IGAP message overflow attempt [**]  
[Classification: Attempted Administrator Privilege Gain] [Priority: 1]  
07/30-19:45:02.238185 250.19.18.71 -> 250.19.18.22  
IGMP TTL:255 TOS: 0x0 ID: 9742 IpLen:20 DgmLen: 502 MF  
Frag offset: 0x1FFF Frag Size: 0x01E2  
[Xref => http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=2004-0367]
```

Given this output, which of the following can be concluded? (Select TWO.) A. The source IP of the attack is coming from 250.19 18.22. B. The source IP of the attack is coming from 250 19.18.71. C. The attacker sent a malformed IGAP packet, triggering the alert. D. The attacker sent a malformed TCP packet, triggering the alert. E. The TTL value is outside of the expected range, triggering the alert. Answer: BC

QUESTION 15 An organization finds that most help desk calls are regarding account lockout due to a variety of applications running on different systems. Manager is looking for a solution to reduce the number of account lockouts while improving security. Which of the following is the BEST solution for this organization? A. Create multiple application accounts for each user. B. Provide secure tokens. C. Implement SSO. D. Utilize role-based access control. Answer: C

QUESTION 16 Which of the following threat actors is MOST likely to steal a company's proprietary information to gain a market edge and reduce time to market? A. Competitor B. Hacktivist C. Insider D. Organized crime Answer: A

QUESTION 17 When trying to log onto a company's new ticketing system, some employees receive the following message: Access denied: too many concurrent sessions. The ticketing system was recently installed on a small VM with only the recommended hardware specifications. Which of the following is the MOST likely cause for this error message? A. Network resources have been exceeded. B. The software is out of licenses. C. The VM does not have enough processing power. D. The firewall is misconfigured. Answer: C

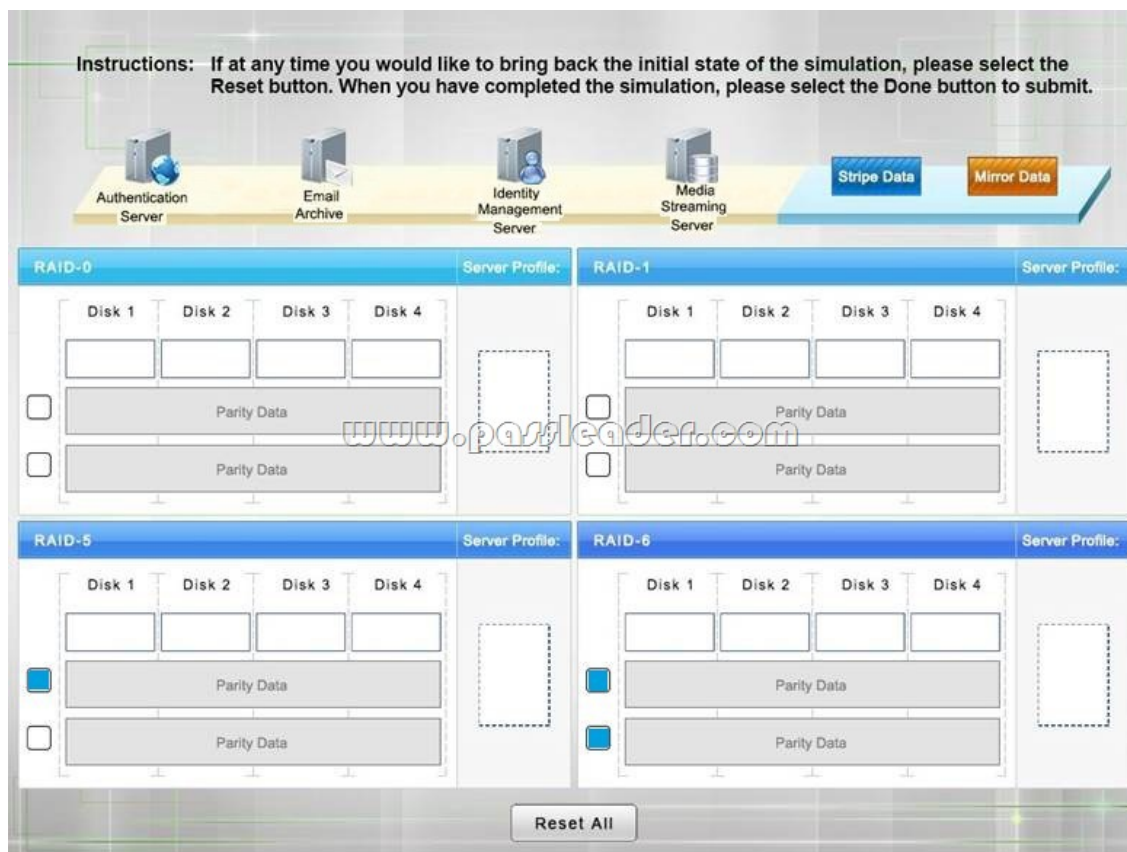
QUESTION 18 A network administrator at a small office wants to simplify the configuration of mobile clients connecting to an encrypted wireless network. Which of the following should be implemented if the administrator does not want to provide the wireless password or certificate to the employees? A. WPS B. 802.1x C. WPA2-PSK D. TKIP Answer: A

QUESTION 19 A company is developing a new secure technology and requires computers being used for development to be isolated. Which of the following should be implemented to provide the MOST secure environment? A. A perimeter firewall and IDS B. An air gapped compiler network C. A honeypot residing in a DMZ D. An ad hoc network with NAT E. A bastion host Answer: B

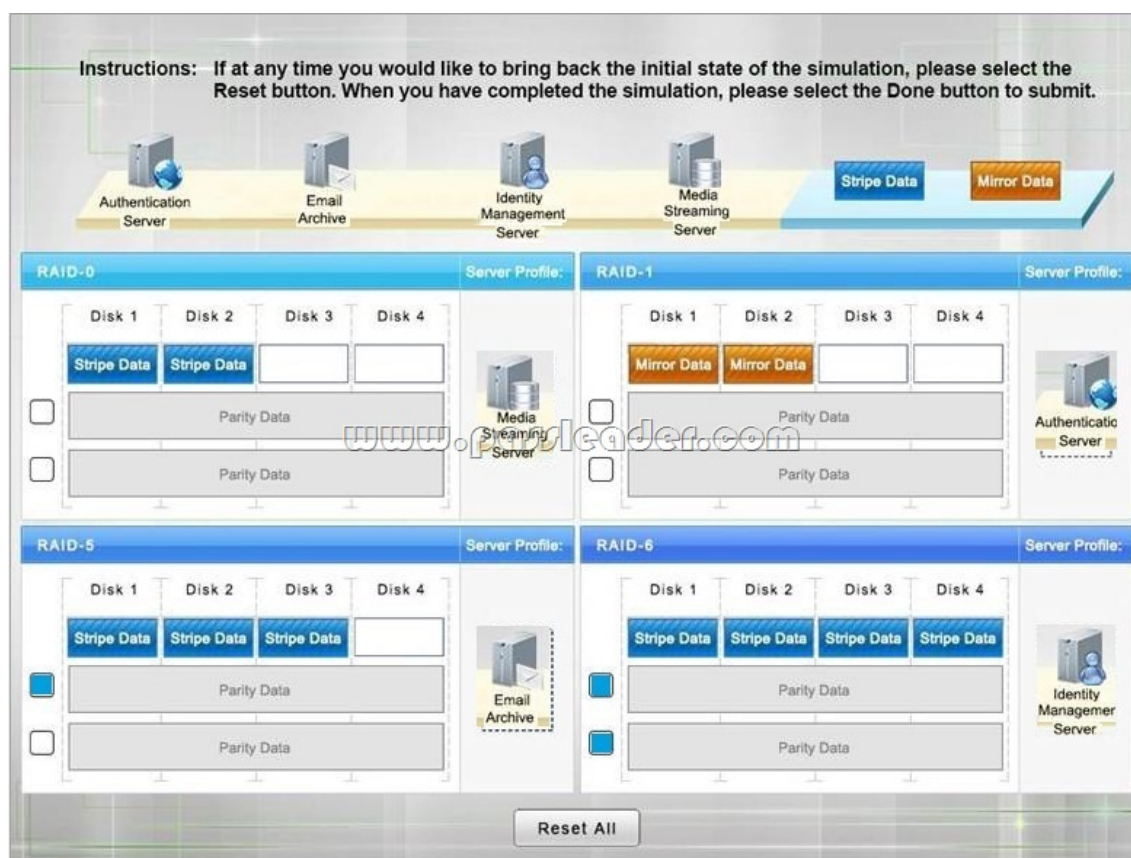
QUESTION 20 Which of the following explains why vendors publish MD5 values when they provide software patches for their customers to download over the Internet? A. The recipient can verify integrity of the software patch. B. The recipient can verify the authenticity of the site used to download the patch. C. The recipient can request future updates to the software using the published MD5 value. D. The recipient can successfully activate the new software patch. Answer: A

QUESTION 21 Drag and Drop A security administrator is given the security and availability profiles for servers that are being deployed. 1) Match each RAID type with the correct configuration and MINIMUM number of drives. 2) Review the server profiles and match them with the appropriate RAID type based on integrity, availability, I/O, storage requirements. Instructions: - All drive definitions can be dragged as many times as necessary. - Not all placeholders may be filled in the RAID configuration boxes. - If parity is required, please select the appropriate number of parity checkboxes. - Server profiles may be dragged only once. If at any time you would like to bring back the initial state of the simulation, please select the Reset button. When you have completed the simulation, please select the Done button to submit. Once the simulation is submitted, please select the Next button to continue.





Answer:



Explanation: 1: RAID-0 is known as striping. It is not a fault tolerant solution but does improve disk performance for read/write operations. Striping requires a minimum of two disks and does not use parity. RAID-0 can be used where performance is required

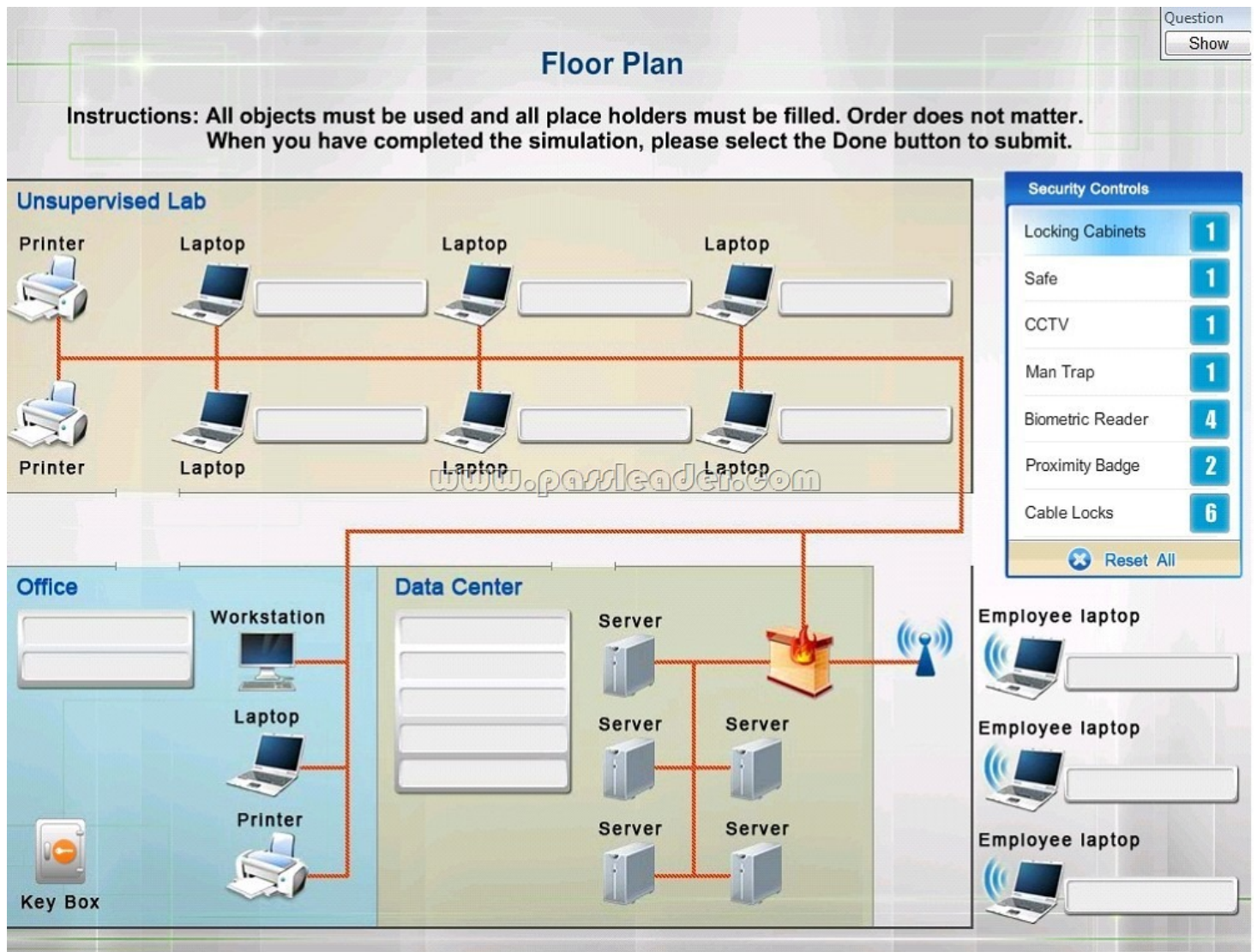
over fault tolerance, such as a media streaming server. 2: RAID-1 is known as mirroring because the same data is written to two disks so that the two disks have identical data. This is a fault tolerant solution that halves the storage space. A minimum of two disks are used in mirroring and does not use parity. RAID-1 can be used where fault tolerance is required over performance, such as on an authentication server. RAID-5 is a fault tolerant solution that uses parity and striping. A minimum of three disks are required for RAID-5 with one disk's worth of space being used for parity information. However, the parity information is distributed across all the disks. RAID-5 can recover from a single disk failure. 3: RAID-6 is a fault tolerant solution that uses dual parity and striping. A minimum of four disks are required for RAID-6. Dual parity allows RAID-6 to recover from the simultaneous failure of up to two disks. Critical data should be stored on a RAID-6 system. [http://www.adaptec.com/en-us/solutions/raid\\_levels.html](http://www.adaptec.com/en-us/solutions/raid_levels.html) QUESTION

22 Refer to the following code:

```
public class rainbow {  
    public static void main (String [] args) {  
        object blue = null;  
        blue.hashCode (); }  
}
```

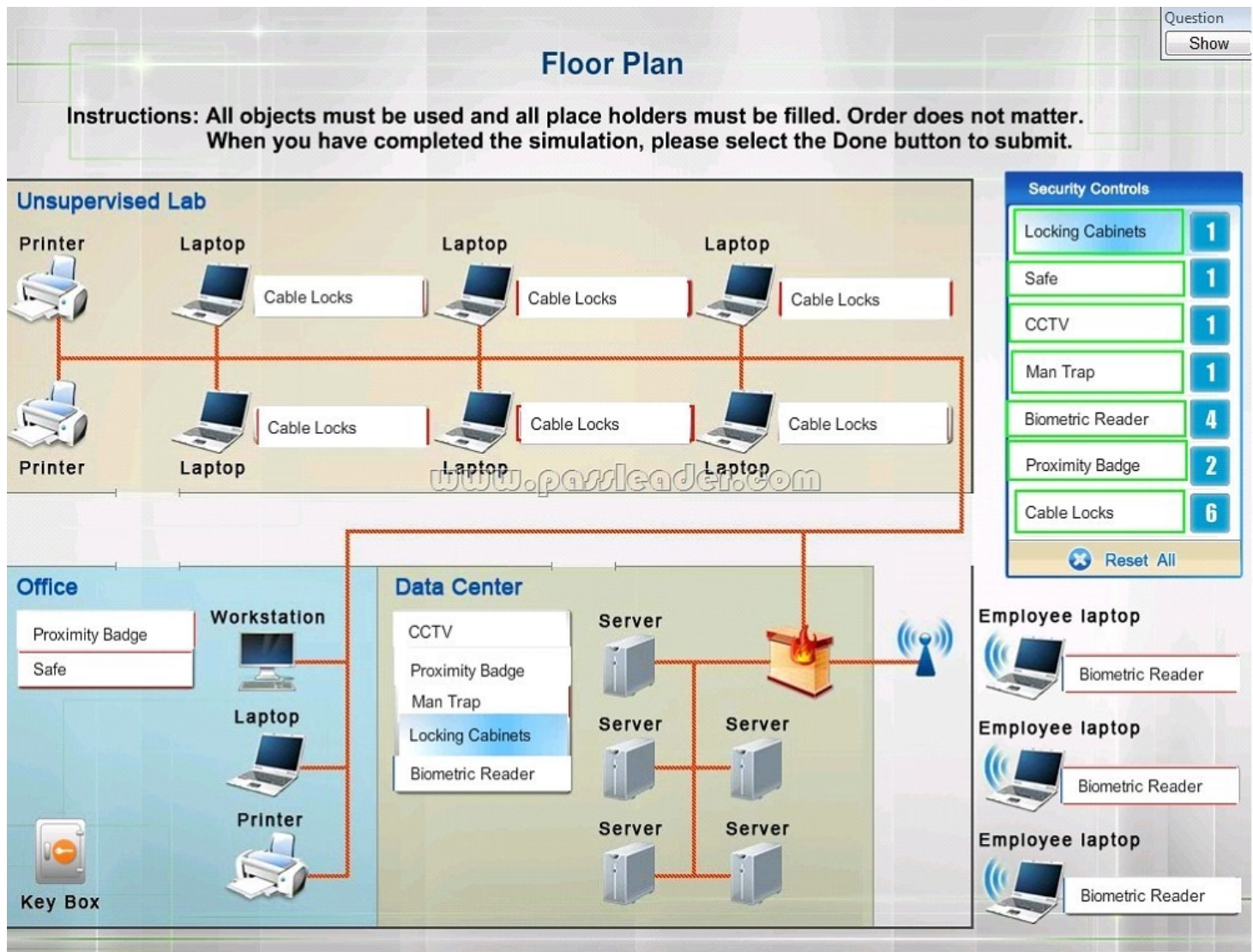
[www.passleader.com](http://www.passleader.com)

Which of the following vulnerabilities would occur if this is executed? A. Page exception  
B. Pointer dereference C. NullPointerException D. Missing null check Answer: D QUESTION 23 A database backup schedule consists of weekly full backups performed on Saturday at 12:00 A.M. and daily differential backups also performed at 12:00 A.M. If the database is restored on Tuesday afternoon, which of the following is the number of individual backups that would need to be applied to complete the database recovery?  
A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 Answer: B QUESTION 24 Which of the following technologies employ the use of SAML? (Select TWO.) A. Single sign-on B. Federation C. LDAP D. Secure token  
E. RADIUS Answer: AB QUESTION 25 An organization is using a tool to perform a source code review. Which of the following describes the case in which the tool incorrectly identifies the vulnerability? A. False negative B. True negative C. False positive D. True positive Answer: C QUESTION 26 In a corporation where compute utilization spikes several times a year, the Chief Information Officer (CIO) has requested a cost-effective architecture to handle the variable capacity demand. Which of the following characteristics BEST describes what the CIO has requested? A. Elasticity B. Scalability C. High availability D. Redundancy Answer: A QUESTION 27 A security analyst is diagnosing an incident in which a system was compromised from an external IP address. The socket identified on the firewall was traced to 207.46.130.66:66. Which of the following should the security analyst do to determine if the compromised system still has an active connection? A. traceroute B. netstat C. ping D. nslookup Answer: B QUESTION 28 Which of the following BEST describes an important security advantage yielded by implementing vendor diversity? A. Sustainability B. Homogeneity C. Resiliency D. Configurability Answer: C QUESTION 29 Drag and Drop You have been tasked with designing a security plan for your company. Drag and drop the appropriate security controls on the floor plan. Instructions: All objects must be used and all place holders must be filled Order does not matter. When you have completed the simulation, please select the Done button to submit.



Answer:





Explanation: - Cable Locks can add a cable lock between a laptop and a desk prevents someone from picking it up and walking away. - Safe is a hardware/physical security measure. - Mantrap can be used to control access to sensitive areas. - CCTV can be used as video surveillance. - Biometric Reader can be used to control and prevent unauthorized access. - Locking Cabinets can be used to protect backup media, documentation and other physical artefacts.

**QUESTION 30** Which of the following encryption methods does PKI typically use to securely protect keys? A.&#160;&#160;&#160; Elliptic curve B.&#160;&#160;&#160; Digital signatures C.&#160;&#160;&#160; Asymmetric D.&#160;&#160;&#160; Obfuscation

Answer: B

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